

## ***Dear readers!***

We offer you the third issue of our journal. We still work for you to be able to find on our pages the most interesting papers not only in Russian but in English too.

Meet a summary of the issue.

It is opened by the article of Ilia Tarasov (The Saratov State University, Saratov) “Is It Possible to Define Truth?”. The article is an investigation of the question what is the truth – is it an abstract ideal object or it is merely a linguistic instrument.

The author of the next paper – Dmitry Ivanov (The Moscow State University, Moscow) – tries to discover and overcome shortcomings of M. Block's approach to philosophical explanation of mind. In particular Dmitry Ivanov offers to use D. Dennett's ideas to avoid epiphenomenalism.

The next paper (“The Reconstruction of the First K. Gödel's Incompleteness Theorem”) Vitaly Filippovski (The Samara State Aerospace University, Samara) reconstructs a proof of one of the famous K. Gödel's theorem. The author also analyzes the proof. It is very useful to study theorem proof.

In his next paper (“A Decidability Theorem”) Vitaly Filippovski demonstrates a proof of the assertion that K. Gödel's assumptions in his proof of the first incompleteness theorem allow to infer a decidability of formulas that were asserted as undecidable in K. Gödel's theorem.

Then follows a section of translations which is opened by a translation of Paul Boghossian's paper “What Externalist Can Know 'A Priori?'”, realized by Vera Eremeeva (The Ural State University, Yekaterinburg). The author of the paper observes the possibility of combination of the doctrine of privileged access of subject to his own mind with externalism (the point of view that the content of mental states depends on environment). It is demonstrated that if these two points of view are combined, then cognitive agent should know a priori that water exists. The causes of this “knowledge” are analyzed in the course of the paper.

The issue is concluded by the translation of James Higginbotham's paper “McGinn's Logicisms” realized by Kristina Goncharenko (The Ural State University, Yekaterinburg). The paper is a critical comment on C. McGinn's paper “Logic, Mind and Mathematics”. J. Higginbotham analyzes three forms of logicism – semantic, mental and mathematical. The main

purpose of the paper is the investigation of justifiedness of McGinn's purported explanation of obtaining of mathematical knowledge.